565 SEMICONDUCTOR INDUSTRY Α ASSOCIATION

• A VITALLY IMPORTANT INDUSTRY

U.S. MANUFACTURERS' PRODUCTION IS DONE DOMESTICALLY IN MORE THAN 70 MAJOR FABS ACROSS 18 STATES



EXPORT

FROM THE U.S. AFTER AIRCRAFT, REFINED OIL, CRUDE OIL, AND AUTOMOBILES 1/5

REVENUE INVESTED IN R&D, AMONG THE HIGHEST IN U.S.

250_{THOUSAND}

DIRECT JOBS, AND OVER 1 MILLION ADDITIONAL SUPPORTED JOBS IN THE U.S.



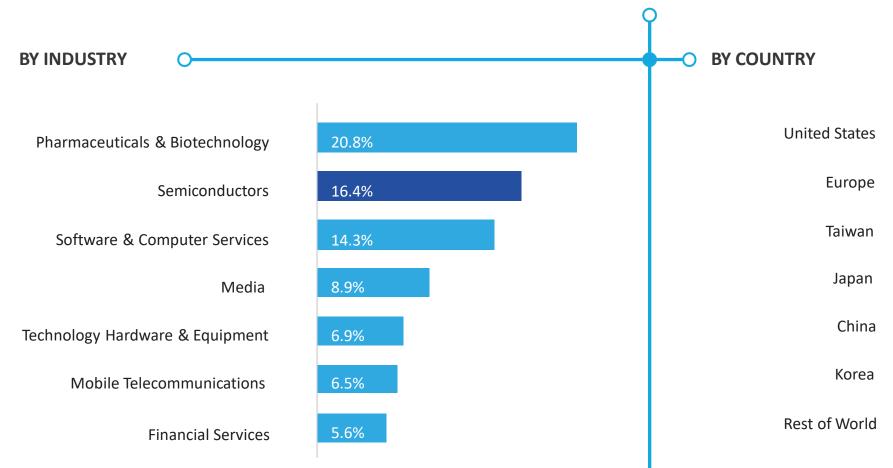
BILLION

IN SALES, ACCOUNTING FOR ABOUT HALF OF GLOBAL MARKET SHARE

∢

AN R&D INTENSIVE INDUSTRY

R&D EXPENDITURES AS A PERCENT OF SALES (2019)



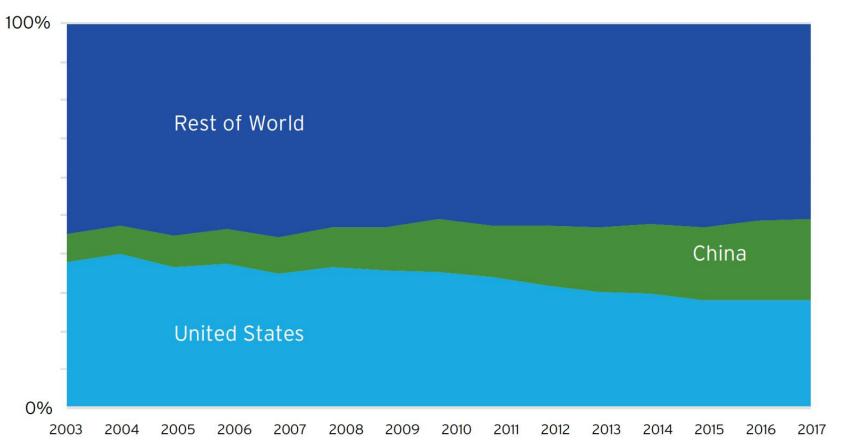
Europe15.3%Taiwan10.3%Japan8.4%China8.3%Korea7.7%est of World5.6%

16.4%

0

INVESTMENT IN RESEARCH

GOVERNMENT R&D (SHARE OF TOTAL)



ACTION NEEDED



TRIPLE INVESTMENT IN SEMICONDUCTOR - SPECIFIC RESEARCH

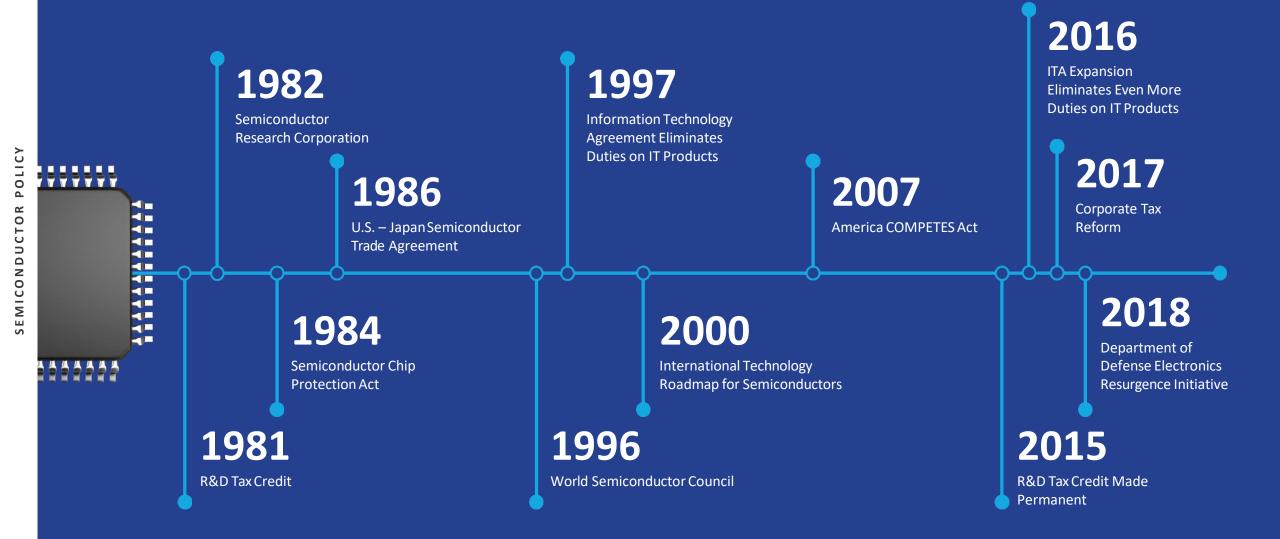


DOUBLE INVESTMENT IN KEY FIELDS (e.g. materials science, computer science, applied mathematics)



FEDERAL SEMICONDUCTOR R&D: SUCCESS STORIES

40 YEARS OF POLICY MILESTONES



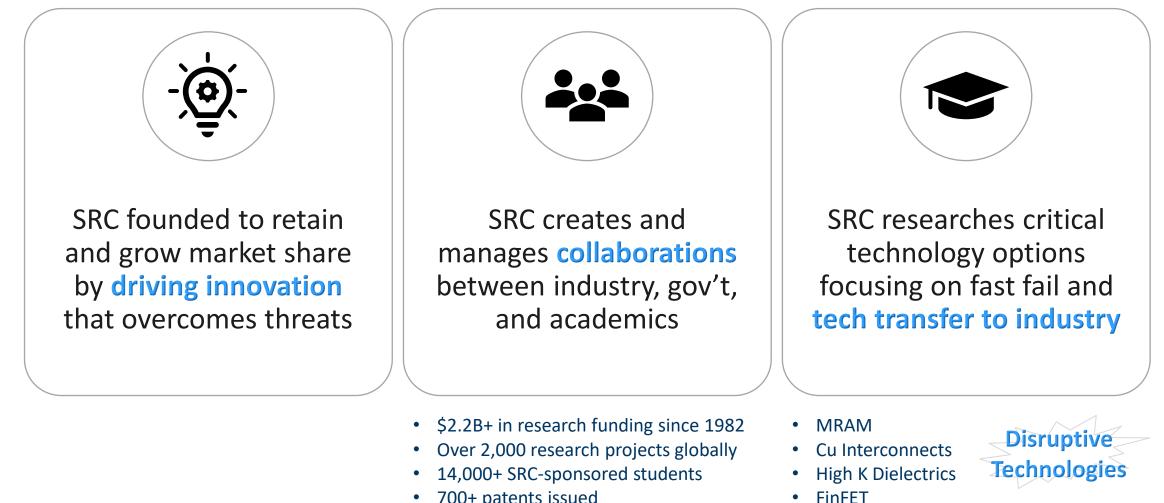


SIA-SRC Partnership and the Decadal Plan for Semiconductors



Todd Younkin President and CEO Todd.Younkin@src.org

Who We Are: Consortium Excellence Since 1982



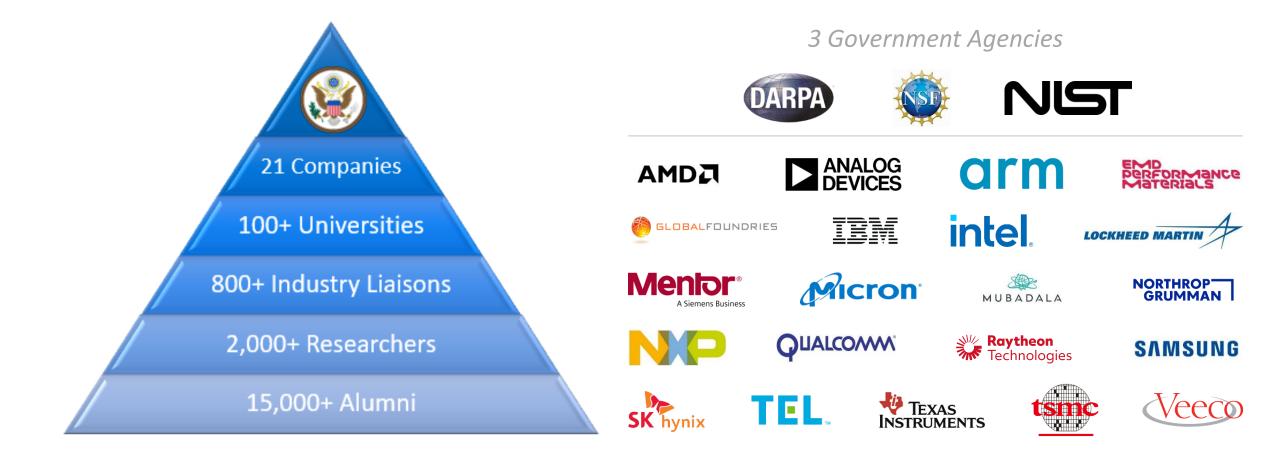
700+ patents issued

Nanosheets for GAA transistors

8

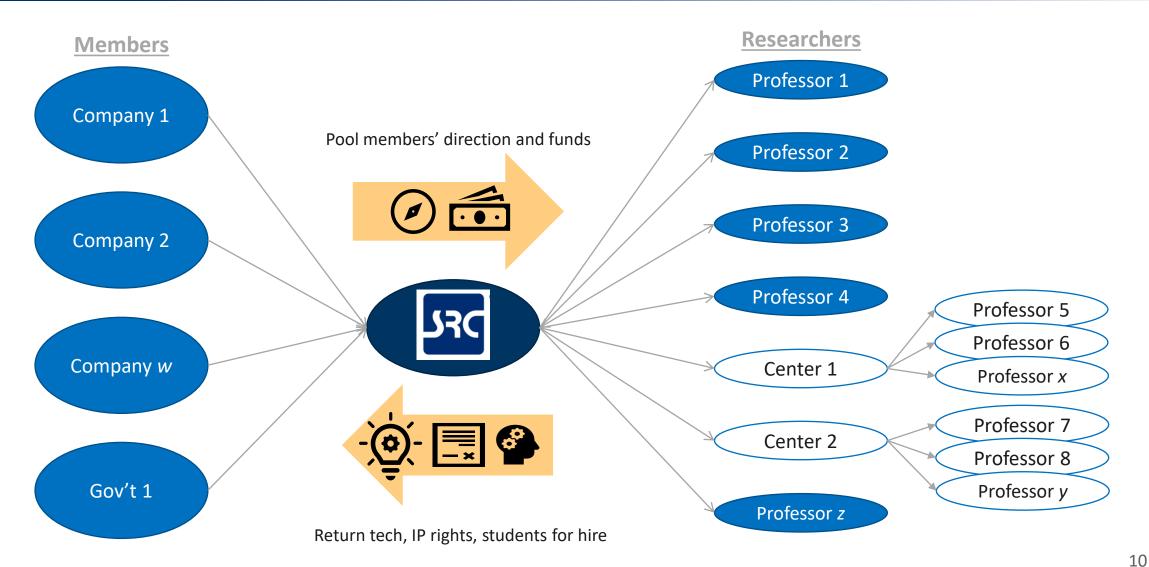
Public

SRC by the Numbers

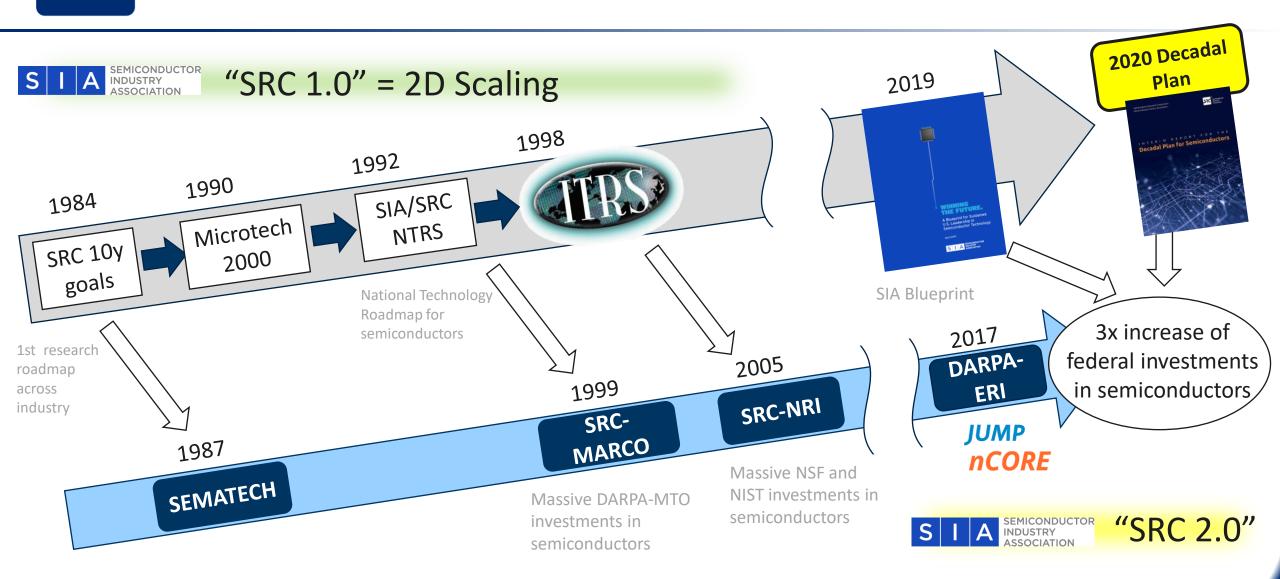


Vast network focused on research and workforce development for the future of the semiconductor industry

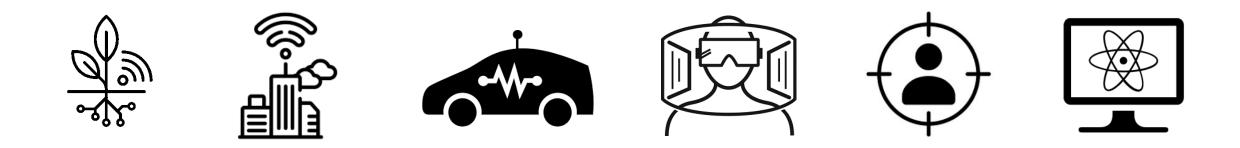




Sec Roadmapping: Forecast for Technology Requirements



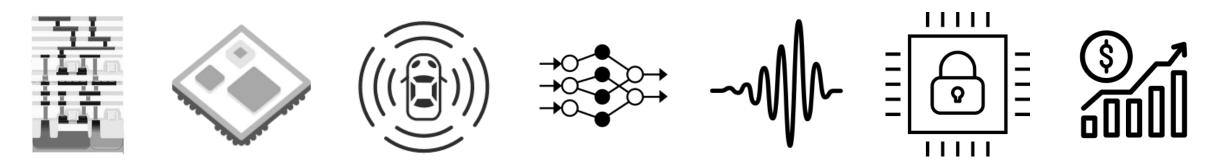
SRC 2.0 [®] **Generational Opportunities in Hyperscaled Computing,** AI, 6G, and Quantum



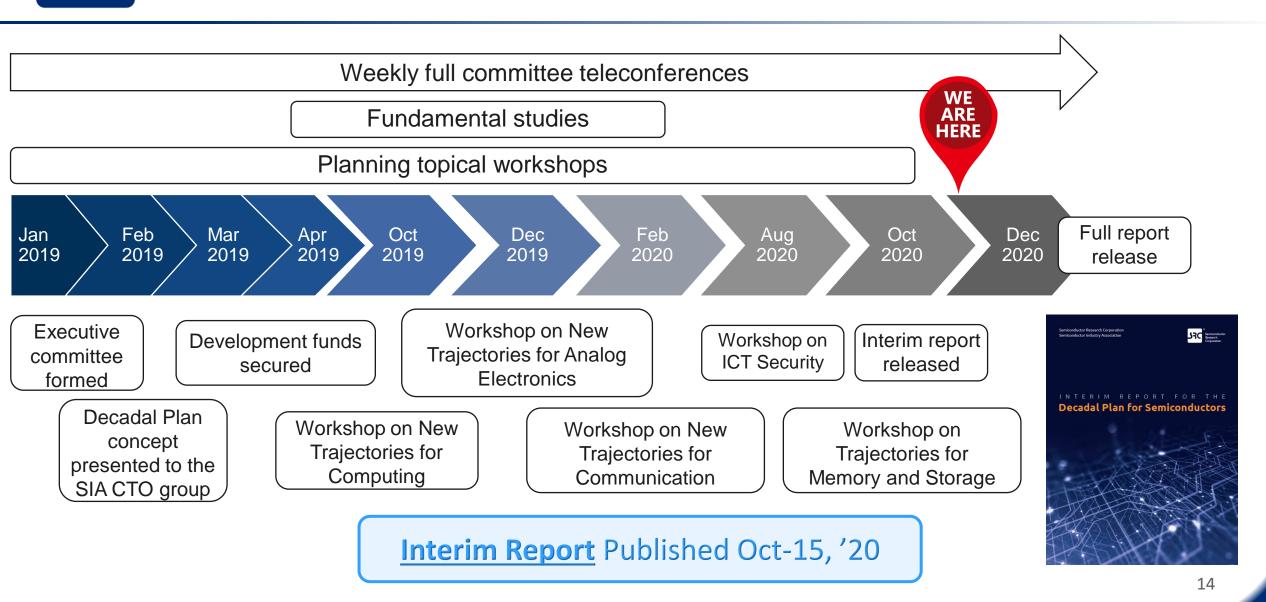
- Sustainable computing and communications, including data movement and the memory wall
- Industry 4.0 robotics, automation, and advanced manufacturing
- Rise of 5G+, **smart cities**, autonomous vehicles, V2V
- Human Machine Interface (HMI) including AR/VR
- Personalized, targeted healthcare and therapies
- **Quantum** computing, information, and positioning systems

[®] That Future Rests on Continued, Cost-Effective Breakthroughs in Hardware "SRC 2.0"

- Materials and advances in 3D monolithic and heterogeneous integration
- Research that builds upon the rapid rise of **2.5-3D-SoIC and SiP standards**, including photonics
- Systems that meet the needs of extreme environments, including cryo, auto, and space
- Architectures that address the compute and memory divide in all domains, including bio-inspired
- Accelerated and automated design and validation tools for analog, mixed signal, and digital
- Hardware and software **security** that keeps members in front of competitors
- Programming languages that easily scale, help semi scale, and create market opportunities

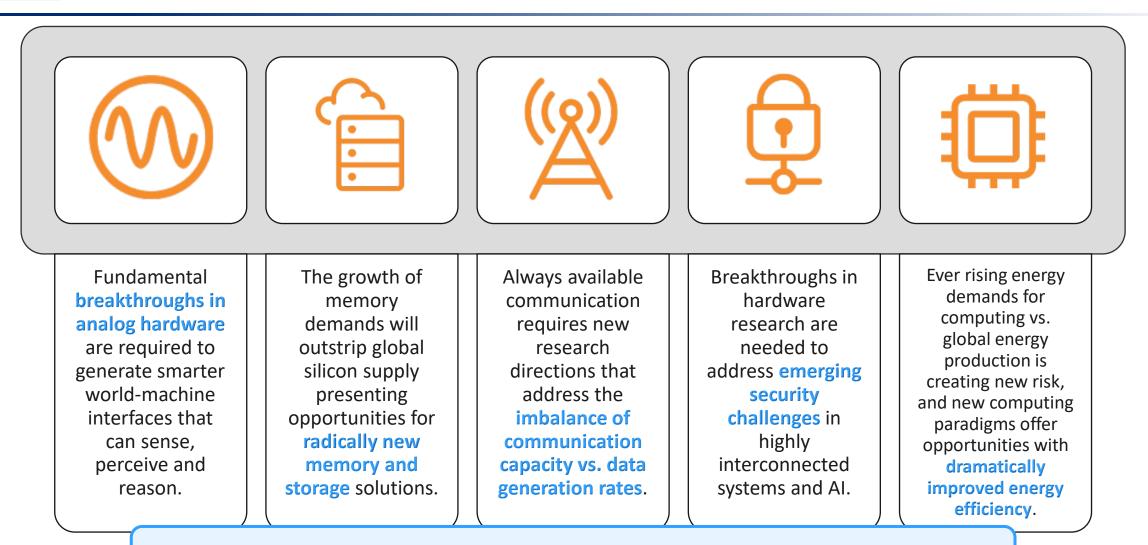






Decadal Plan for Semiconductors - 5 Seismic Shifts

https://www.src.org/about/decadal-plan/



Full Report Will Serve As A Guide Towards 2030 and Beyond





Todd Younkin, President and CEO: todd.younkin@src.org

David Henshall, Director of Business Development and Government Relations: <u>david.henshall@src.org</u> **Victor Zhirnov**, Chief Scientist: <u>Victor.Zhirnov@src.org</u>

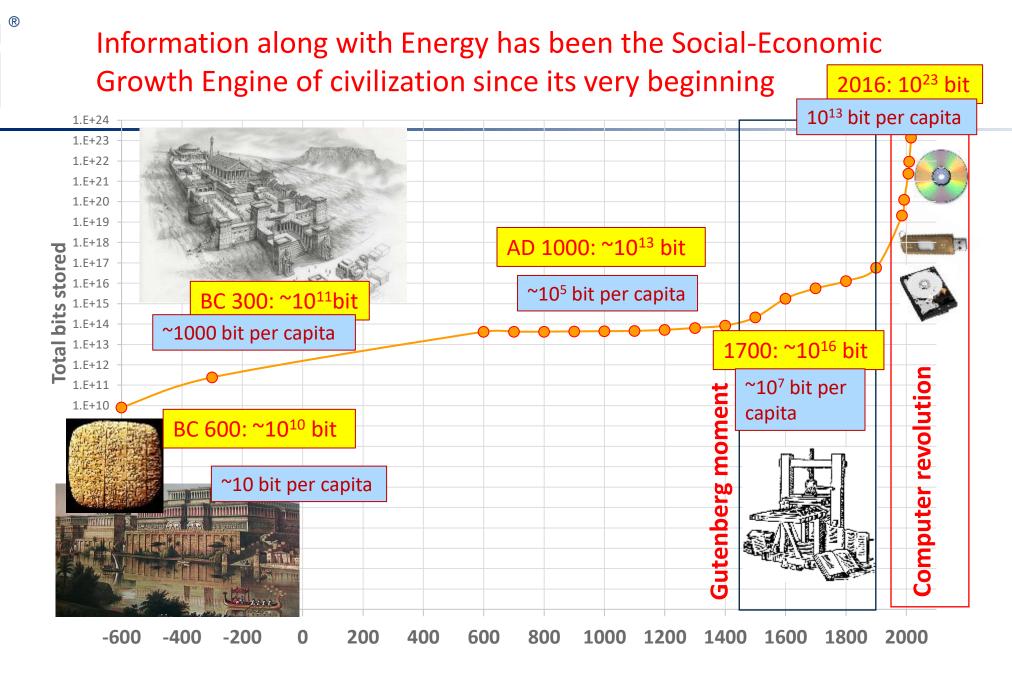


Decadal Plan for Semiconductors 2030 ICT research goals



Victor Zhirnov

December 2, 2020

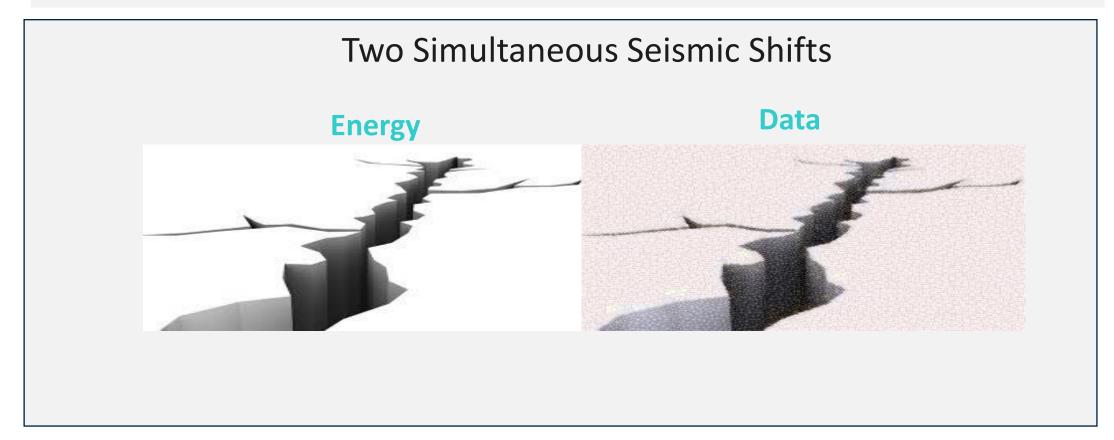


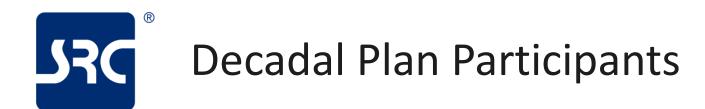
SR



Technology Decadal Plan

The current hardware-software (HW-SW) paradigm driving digital technologies is reaching its limits and must evolve









INTERIM REPORT FOR THE Decadal Plan for Semiconductors



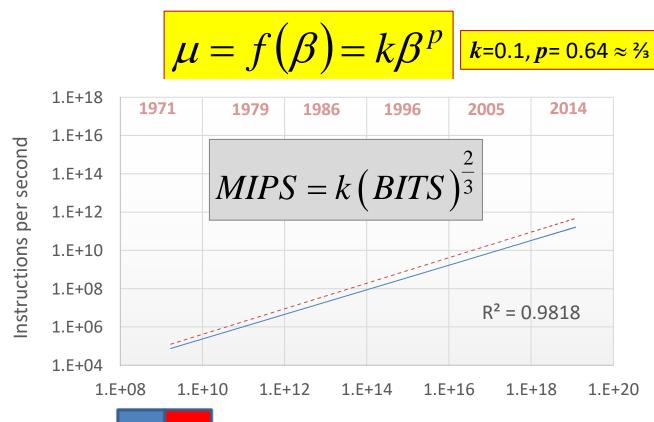
Release date: October 15, 2020

Seismic shifts in information and communication technologies:

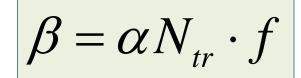
- Compute energy vs. global energy production
- Need for smarter analog world-machine interfaces
- The growth of memory and storage demands
- Communication capacity vs. data generation imbalance
- Emerging security challenges in both highly interconnected systems and AI

Public

MPU operations vs. binary transitions



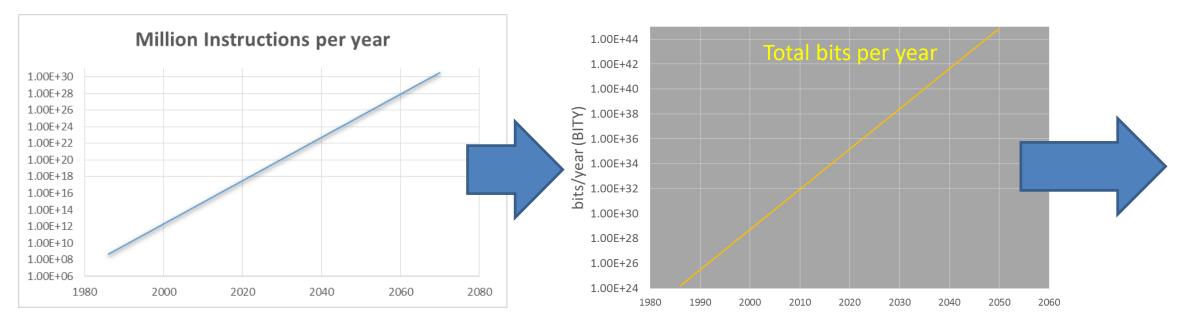
Bit/s



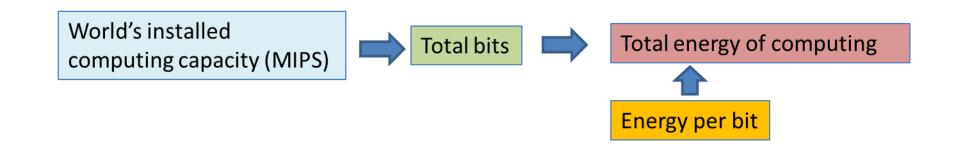
 $\implies P = \beta E_{bit}$

Company	Model	Year
Intel	4004	1971
Intel	8080	1974
MOS Technology	6502	1975
Motorola 68000	68000	1979
Intel	286	1982
Motorola	68020	1984
Intel	386DX	1985
ARM	ARM2	1986
Motorola	68030	1987
Motorola	68040	1990
DEC	Alpha 21064 EV4	1992
Intel	486DX	1992
Motorola	68060	1994
Intel	Pentium	1994
Intel	Pentium Pro	1996
IBM - Motorola	PowerPC 750	1997
Intel	Pentium III	1999
AMD	Athlon	2000
AMD	Athlon XP 2500+	2003
Intel	Pentium 4 Ext. Edition	2003
Centaur - VIA	VIAC7	2005
AMD	Athlon FX-57	2005
AMD	Athlon 64 3800+ X2	2005
IBM	Xbox360 "Xenon"	2005
Sony-Toshiba-IBM	PS3 Cell BE	2006
AMD	Athlon FX-60	2006
Intel	Core 2 Extreme X6800	2006
Intel	Core 2 Extreme QX6700	2006
P.A. Semi	PA6T-1682M	2007
Intel	Core 2 Extreme QX9770	2008
Intel	Core i7 920	2008
Intel	Atom N270	2008
AMD	E-350	2011
AMD	Phenom II X4 940	2009
AMD	Phenom II X6 1100T	2010
Intel	Core i7 980X	2010
Intel	Core i7 2600K	2011
Intel	Core i7 875K	2011
AMD	8150	2011
Intel	Xeon E3-1290v2	2012
Intel	Ivy Bridge-EX-15	2013
Intel	i7-5960X	2014

Computations per Year



(based on research by Hilbert and Lopez: M. Hilbert and P. Lopez, "The World's Technological Capacity to Store, Communicate, and Compute Information", Science 332 (2011) 60-65

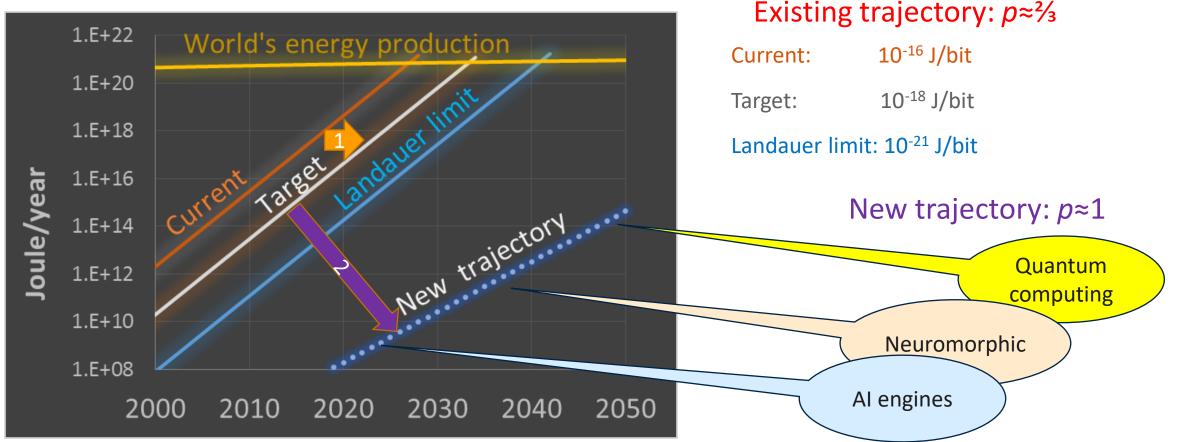


Total energy of computing a need to change 'computational trajectory'

(based on research by Hilbert and Lopez: M. Hilbert and P. Lopez, "The World's Technological Capacity to Store, Communicate, and Compute Information", Science 332 (2011) 60-65

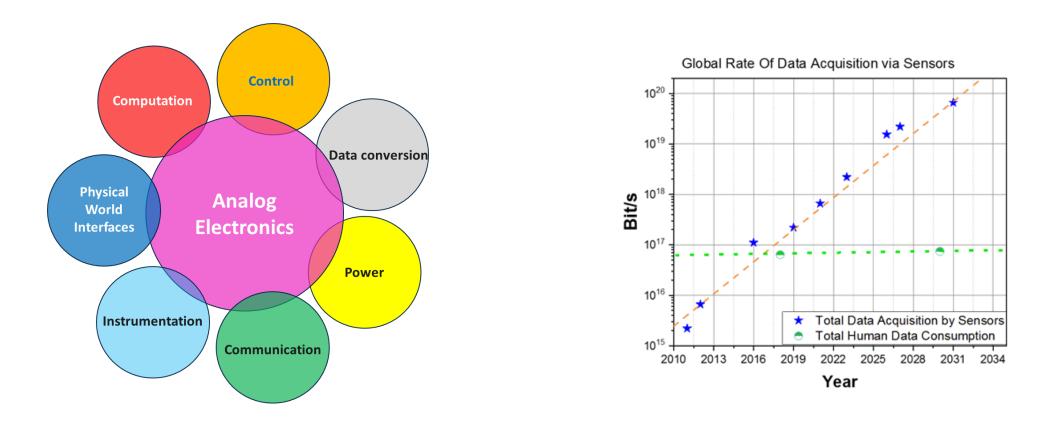
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$$MIPS = k \left(BITS \right)^p$$



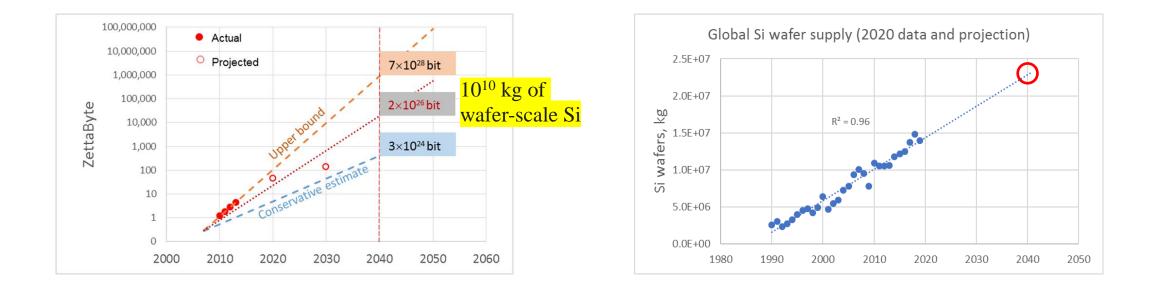
Public





Grand Goal #1: Analog-to-information compression/reduction with a practical compression/reduction ratio of 10⁵:1 driving to practical use of information versus "data" more comparable to the human brain.

[®] Dramatic global Memory and Storage requirement increase

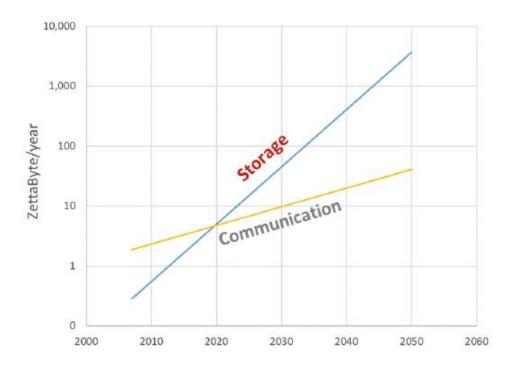


Grand Goal #2: Discover storage technologies with >100x storage density capability and new storage systems that can leverage these new technologies



Data to communication gap

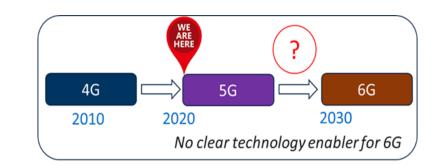
Gap between communication capacity and data capacity



Example: while currently it is possible to transmit all world's stored data in less than one year, in 2040 it is predicted to require at least 20 years

Grand Goal #3a: Advance communication technologies to enable moving around all stored data of 100-1000 zettabyte/year at the peak rate of 1Tbps@<0.1nJ/bit. **Grand Goal #3b**: Develop intelligent and agile networks that effectively utilize bandwidth to maximize network capacity.

Invest \$700M annually in new trajectories for communication



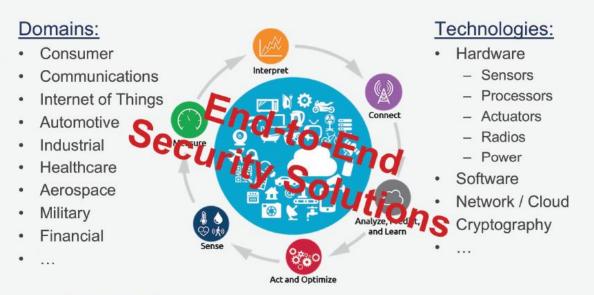
Public



Trust, Security and Privacy in a world of robots

Securing and trusting systems of machines and MtM comm

Security: A System-Level Property



Constraints: Performance, Cost, Power, Form Factor, Criticality, ...

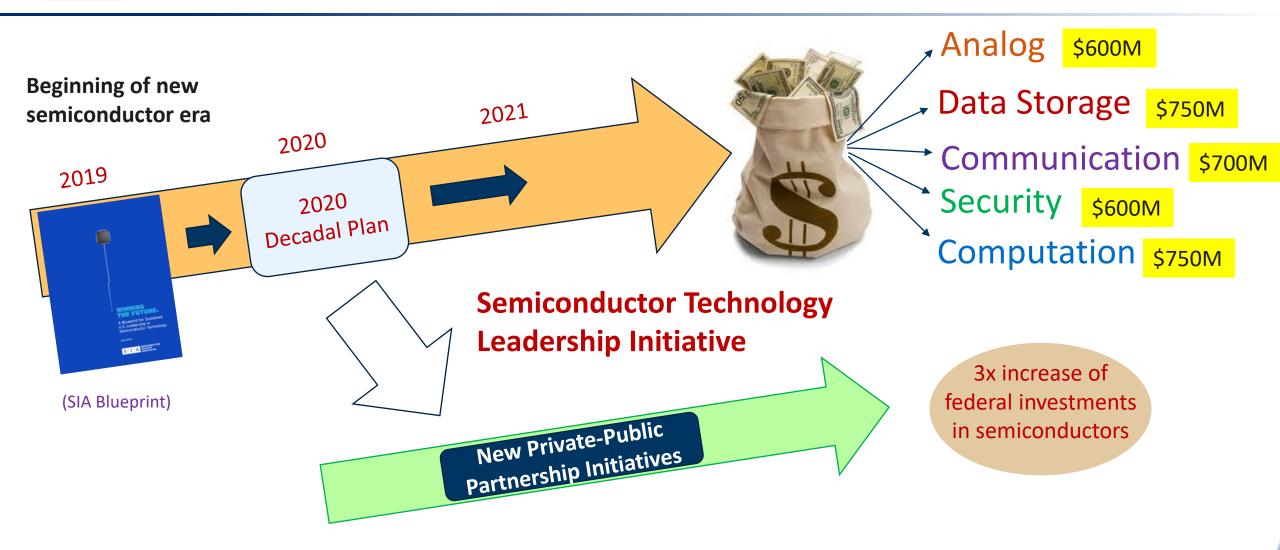
<u>Hierarchical Approach:</u> From sensors/actuators to cloud, each level should support a hierarchical security monitoring/reacting protocol

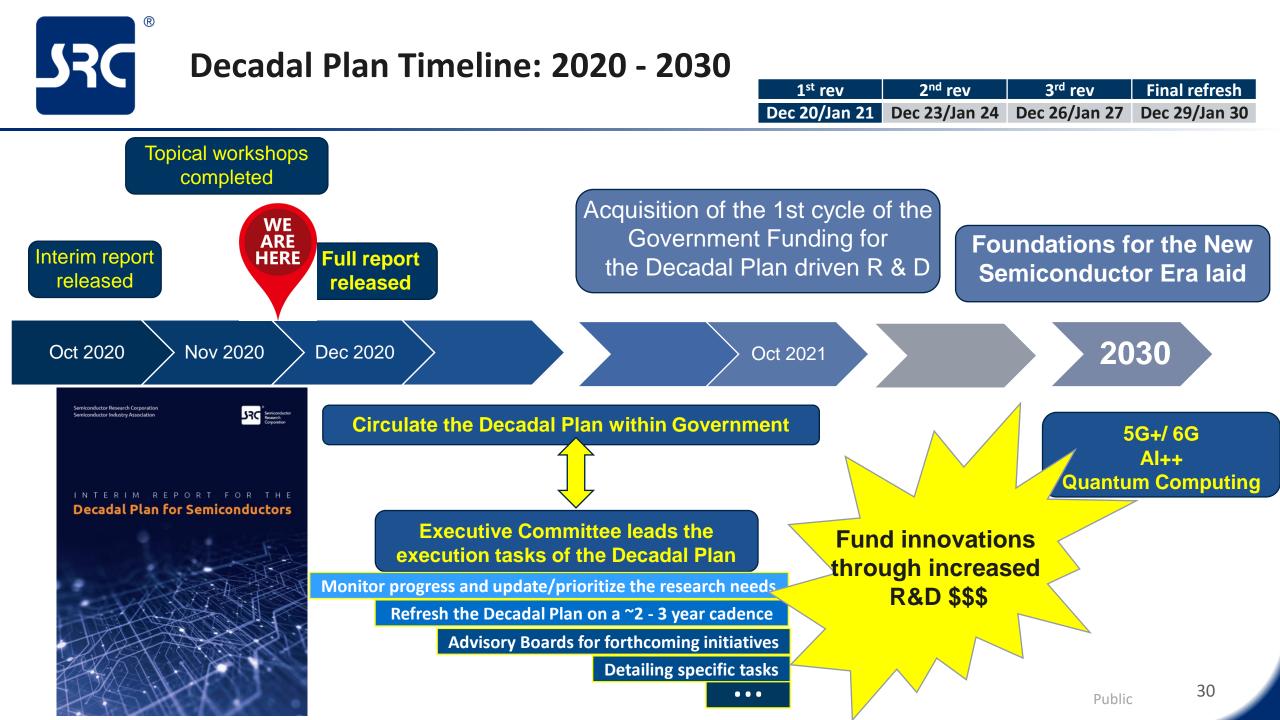
The systems of the future are actually systems of systems with limitless possibilities for communication and signaling. Devices have permeated the physical world, and thus trust in these devices becomes a matter of safety.

Grand Goal #4: Develop security and privacy advances that keep pace with technology, new threats, and new use cases, for example, trustworthy and safe autonomous and intelligent systems, secure future hardware platforms, and emerging postquantum and distributed cryptographic algorithms.

Invest \$600M annually in new trajectories for communication. Selected priority research themes are outlined below.

Beginning of new semiconductor era





Panel: Decadal Plan for Semiconductors



Jim Ang – (Moderator)

Chief Scientist for Computing, Physical & Computational Sciences Directorate Pacific Northwest National Laboratory

Gilroy Vandentop Director of Corporate University Research Intel

Jim Wieser Director of University Research and Technology Texas Instruments

Sean Eilert Fellow, Emerging Memory PathFinding Group Micron Technology

Ramesh Chauhan

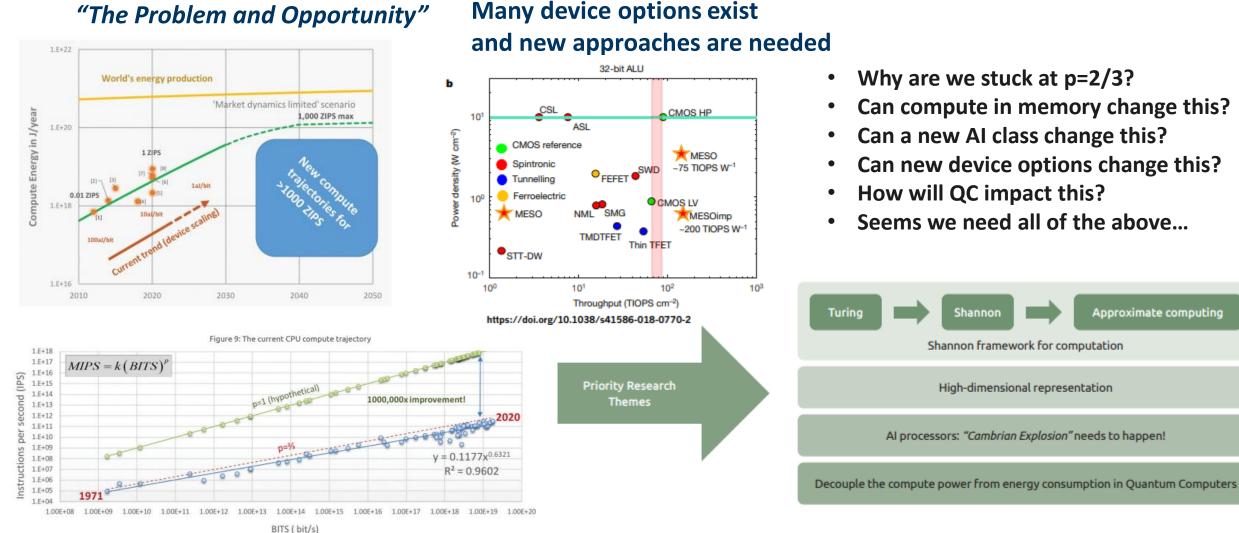
Principal Engineer, Corporate Research & Development Division Qualcomm Technology

Debra Delise General Manager, Security Center of Excellence Analog Devices

Changing the Compute Energy Trajectory

R

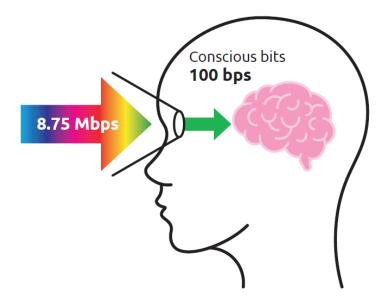
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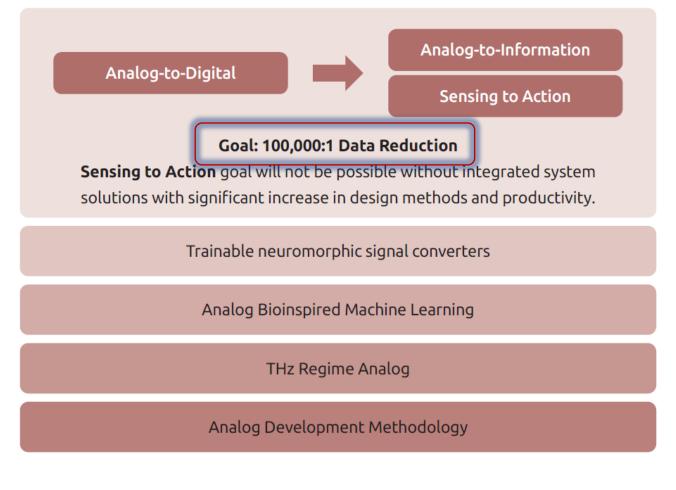
New Trajectories for Analog Electronics

"Interface to the Real World"

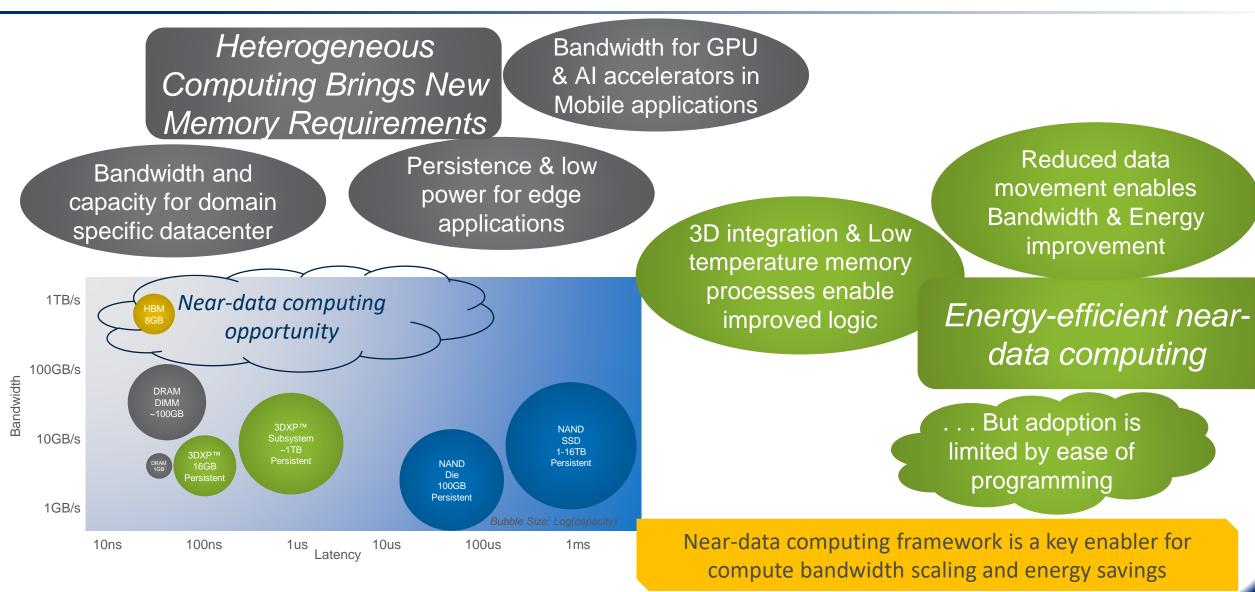


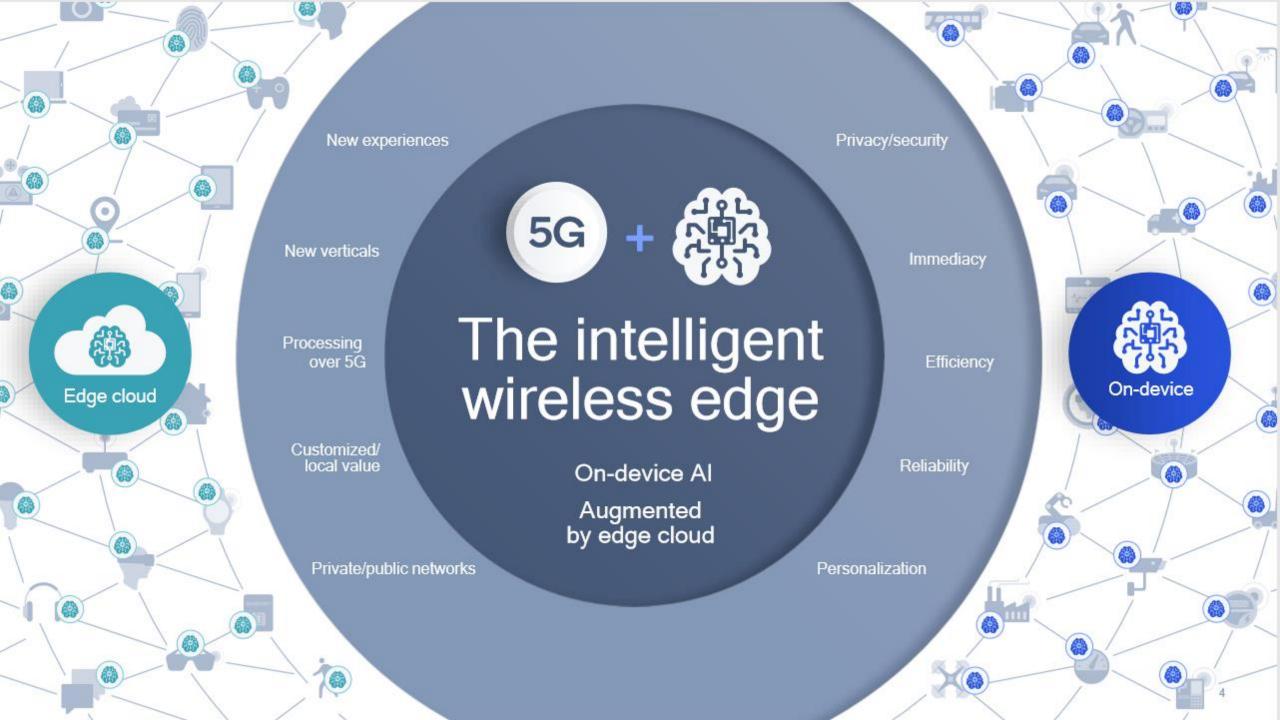
- Sensing
- Bio-Inspired Model
- Energy Savings
 - Communications
 - Computing/Processing
 - Power Management
- Holistic Co-Design

Priority Research Themes



New Trajectories for Memory and Storage





Emerging Security Challenges

Ubiquitous Sensing & Connectivity

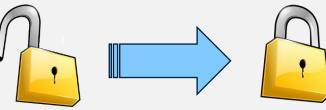


> 2.5 Quintillion Bytes of data created everyday

- System/Platform Security
- Data Protection
- Privacy
- Trusted Decision Making

Priority Research Themes

Breakthroughs in Hardware Research needed to achieve security & privacy of complex systems



GOAL: Unlock the Opportunity through Security

Trusted Artificial Intelligence Systems

Security & Privacy of Heterogeneous Hardware Platforms

Emerging Cryptography

Securing Edge -> Cloud & Distributed Processing





- How will research impact future electronics solutions across many applications?
- What do you see as key semiconductor electronics/technology gaps for future applications?
- What fundamentally needs to change in approach for future semiconductor research and technology?
- What is needed from the semiconductor perspective to address the important area of Energy/Power?
- Do we foresee any specific needs regarding resources to carry semiconductor hardware (& software) towards addressing future application needs?

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